

**'Mathematics for academic year – Class 4'**

**Years 3 and 4**

	Year 3 children	Year 4 children
Number – number and place value	<p>Count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100; find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number</p> <p>recognise the place value of each digit in a three-digit number (hundreds, tens, ones)</p> <p>compare and order numbers up to 1000</p> <p>identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations</p> <p>read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and in words.</p> <p>Solve number problems and practical problems involving these ideas.</p>	<p>count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1000</p> <p>find 1000 more or less than a given number</p> <p>count backwards through zero to include negative numbers</p> <p>recognise the place value of each digit in a four-digit number (thousands, hundreds, tens, and ones)</p> <p>order and compare numbers beyond 1000</p> <p>identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations</p> <p>round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1000</p> <p>solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above and with increasingly large positive numbers</p> <p>read Roman numerals to 100 (I to C) and know that over time, the numeral system changed to include the concept of zero and place value.</p>
Number – addition and subtraction	<p>Add and subtract numbers mentally, including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a three-digit number and ones</li> <li>a three-digit number and tens</li> <li>a three-digit number and hundreds</li> </ul> <p>Add and subtract numbers with up to three digits, using formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction.</p> <p>Estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers.</p> <p>Solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction.</p>	<p>add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate</p> <p>estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation</p> <p>solve addition and subtraction two-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why.</p>
Number – multiplication and division	<p>Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables.</p> <p>Write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables</p>	<p>recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to <math>12 \times 12</math></p> <p>use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1; dividing by 1; multiplying together</p>

	<p>that they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods.</p> <p>Solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division, including positive integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which <math>n</math> objects are connected to <math>m</math> objects.</p>	<p>three numbers</p> <p>recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations</p> <p>multiply two-digit and three-digit numbers by a one-digit number using formal written layout</p> <p>solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply two digit numbers by one digit, integer scaling problems and harder correspondence problems such as <math>n</math> objects are connected to <math>m</math> objects.</p>
Number – Fractions	<p>Count up and down in tenths; recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one-digit numbers or quantities by 10.</p> <p>Recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators.</p> <p>Recognise and use fractions as numbers: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators.</p> <p>Recognise and show, using diagrams, equivalent fractions with small denominators.</p> <p>Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole [for example, <math>\frac{5}{7} + \frac{1}{7} = \frac{6}{7}</math> ].</p> <p>Compare and order unit fractions, and fractions with the same denominators.</p> <p>Solve problems that involve all of the above.</p>	<p>recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions</p> <p>count up and down in hundredths; recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by one hundred and dividing tenths by ten.</p> <p>solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole number</p> <p>add and subtract fractions with the same denominator</p> <p>recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths</p> <p>recognise and write decimal equivalents to <math>\frac{1}{4}</math>, <math>\frac{1}{2}</math>, <math>\frac{3}{4}</math></p> <p>find the effect of dividing a one- or two-digit number by 10 and 100, identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths and hundredths</p> <p>round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number</p> <p>compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to two decimal places</p> <p>solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places.</p>
Measurement	<p>Measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths (m/cm/mm); mass (kg/g); volume/capacity (l/ml).</p> <p>Measure the perimeter of simple 2-D shapes.</p> <p>Add and subtract amounts of money</p>	<p>Convert between different units of measure [for example, kilometre to metre; hour to minute]</p> <p>measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres</p>

	<p>to give change, using both £ and p in practical contexts.</p> <p>Tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from I to XII, and 12-hour and 24-hour clocks.</p> <p>Estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute; record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes and hours; use vocabulary such as o'clock, a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight.</p> <p>Know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year.</p> <p>Compare durations of events [for example to calculate the time taken by particular events or tasks].</p>	<p>find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares</p> <p>estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence</p> <p>read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12- and 24-hour clocks</p> <p>solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days.</p>
Geometry – Properties of Shapes	<p>Draw 2-D shapes and make 3-D shapes using modelling materials; recognise 3-D shapes in different orientations and describe them.</p> <p>Recognise angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn; identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle.</p> <p>Identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines.</p>	<p>compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes</p> <p>identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size</p> <p>identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations</p> <p>complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry.</p>
Geometry – Position and Direction		<p>describe positions on a 2-D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant</p> <p>describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left/right and up/down</p> <p>plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon.</p>
Statistics	<p>Interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables.</p> <p>Solve one-step and two-step questions [for example, 'How many more?' and 'How many fewer?'] using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables.</p>	<p>interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs.</p> <p>solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs.</p>