# **Minsterley Primary School**

# **Anti-bullying policy**

Date of policy review: 03/03/17

Date reviewed and revised by the Premises, Security and Health and Safety

Committee: 03/03/17

Date for next review: Spring Term 2018

#### Taking into account:

Preventing and Tackling Bullying Advice for Head Teachers, Staff and Governing Bodies DfE – 00062-2011

Working Together to Safe guard children 2015

Keeping Children Safe in Education September 2016

Shropshire Children's Trust (SCT) and Shropshire Safeguarding Children Board (SSCB) Anti-Bullying Charter 2014

SSCB Child Protection Procedures 2016

#### Context

Bullying takes place in schools as it does in other work places.

The aim of the anti-bullying policy is to ensure that pupils in this school learn in a supportive, caring and safe environment without fear of being bullied. Bullying is anti-social behaviour and affects everyone; it is unacceptable and will not be tolerated. Only when all issues of bullying are addressed will pupils be able to fully benefit from the opportunities available at this school.

#### Bullying is defined as:

• behaviour by an individual or group, usually repeated over time, that intentionally hurts another individual or group either physically or emotionally.

Shropshire Children's Trust and Safeguarding Children Board Anti-Bullying Charter 2014

#### Bullying can be related to:

- race, religion or culture
- special educational needs or disabilities
- appearance or health conditions
- sexual orientation, sexist or sexual bullying
- young carers or looked-after children or otherwise related to home circumstances
- verbal (name calling, sexist, racist and homophobic remarks, and other discriminatory language)
- indirect (cyber bullying, spreading rumours, excluding someone from social groups, Radicalisation and Extremism)

#### Bullying includes:

- name-calling, taunting, mocking, making offensive comments, kicking, hitting, pushing or taking belongings
- inappropriate text messaging and emailing, sending offensive or degrading images by phone or via the internet
- producing offensive graffiti
- gossiping, excluding people from groups, and spreading hurtful and untruthful rumours.

Although sometimes occurring between two individuals in isolation, bullying quite often takes place in the presence of others, for example, between pupils, between pupils and staff, or between staff; by individuals or groups; face to face, indirectly or using a range of methods.

Pupils being bullied may demonstrate emotional and/or behaviour problems including signs of depression, physical problems such as headaches and stomach pains, taking unusual absences or clinging to adults. There may be evidence of changes in work patterns, lacking concentration or truanting from school.

Pupils are encouraged to report bullying in this school by talking to an adult, e.g. class teacher, teaching assistant, headteacher or member of staff of breaktime/lunchtime duty.

All school staff must be alert to the signs of bullying and act promptly, sensitively and effectively against it in accordance with school policy. There is no "hierarchy" of bullying – all forms of bullying should be taken equally seriously and dealt with appropriately. This is the case even where incidents occur outside the school premises (The Education Act 2006 gives headteachers the power to discipline pupils even where incidents of bad behavior take place outside school premises and when the pupils are beyond the lawful control of school staff).

#### **Related Policies**

This policy is linked directly to the following policies:

- Behaviour Policy
- Child Protection Policy
- Confidentiality Policy/statement
- Equal Opportunities (Race Equality, Disability Equality, SEN policies)
- PSHE policy

## Aims of this Policy

The aims of the school's anti-bullying strategies and intervention systems are to: prevent, de-escalate and/or stop any continuation of harmful behaviour in line with the Behaviour Policy

react to bullying incidents in a reasonable, proportionate and consistent way safeguard those pupils who have experienced bullying and those who have been involved in the act of bullying, and to trigger actions to support these pupils.

### Roles and responsibilities

# The role of the Governing body

Governors have the responsibility to ensure that the anti-bullying policy is in place, that it reflects school's values and practice, and is reviewed annually.

The governors should agree the principles of Shropshire Children's Trust and Safeguarding Children Board Anti-Bullying Charter and ensure this is clearly displayed in the school

The governing body must make, and from time to time review, a written statement of general principles to guide the head teacher in determining measures to promote good behaviour.

Governors are informed of, and monitor, the numbers of incidents and steps the headteacher and staff have taken to deal with these.

Governors will ensure there is a Senior Designated Lead for Child Protection leading on bullying related to radicalisation and extremism.

#### The role of the head teacher and staff:

### 1. Policy and procedures

There is a senior member of staff who leads on anti-bullying:

Name: Clive Roe role: Headteacher

- All staff are made aware of this policy and its clear links to other key policies.
- The following steps will be taken by staff when dealing with incidents:
  - if bullying is suspected or reported, the incident will be taken seriously and appropriate first steps are taken promptly by the member of staff who has been approached
  - each incident will be investigated thoroughly, sensitively and effectively
  - a clear account of the incident, actions taken and review date will be recorded, and kept so incidents can be monitored
  - relevant staff will be kept informed and if the bullying persists they will inform the head teacher/senior manager, and appropriate further action is taken
  - parents/carers will be kept informed appropriately
  - appropriate rewards and sanctions in line with the school's Behaviour Policy will be used to support the improvement of pupils' behavior
  - the school will inform the Local Authority of any hate or prejudice related incident as part of the school's Public Sector Equality Duty under the Equality Act 2010 and in support of the Shropshire Tackling Hate Crime Initiative; a report form is available through the Shropshire Learning Gateway.

#### 2. Pupil support

- Pupils who have been bullied will be supported as appropriate by:
  - having an immediate opportunity to discuss the incident(s) with an appropriate member of staff
  - being reassured
  - being offered support
  - raising their self-esteem and confidence
  - being encouraged to report further issues
  - arranging a review date/time to discuss outcomes and appropriate follow-up
- Pupils who have bullied will be supported by:
  - having an immediate opportunity to discuss the incident(s) with an appropriate member of staff
  - establishing what behaviour was inappropriate and why the pupil became involved
  - establishing clearly what behaviour needs to change, and how the school can support this change (linked to Behaviour Policy)
  - informing parents/carers of agreed actions, and establishing how they can support
  - arranging a review date/time to discuss outcomes and appropriate follow-up

## 3. Curriculum

- Pupils will have opportunities to develop their understanding of the nature of bullying, to
  explore their own and others attitudes to bullying and to develop the skills to deal with
  bullying through PSHE and other subject areas and through assemblies and other school
  activities
- The policy will be promoted and implemented throughout the school

## Monitoring, evaluation and review

 The school will review this policy annually and assess its implementation and effectiveness regularly

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- staff
- governors

Signed by;
Headteacher
Governor
Dato

## **APPENDIX 1**

# **Shropshire Schools Hate-Related Incident Report Form**

report prejudice/hate-related incidents to Shropshire Council. Completed forms may be submitted by email to *EducationImprovementService@shropshire.gov.uk*; by Fax to 01743 254538 or by post to *EIS, Shropshire Council, Shirehall, Abbey Foregate, Shrewsbury, SY2 6ND.* Reports can also be made verbally on 01743 254386.

Numbers of incidents reported and nature of those incidents are reported to the Hate Crime Reporting Sub-group. The information is used to help inform community-based interventions to counter the problems identified. Specific support at school can be offered on request.

School name					
Section A: About the Incident/s					
What do you think ☐ Race	motivated this in Religion al orientation	cident? (indicate all rele	Sex	istics) ☐ Disability ☐ Age*	/ 
*age discrimination leg Section B: Te	islation does not app Il us about the e use a separ	oly to the treatment of pupils e incident in your over ate sheet if necess	vn words; giv		ail as
Time	 Da	у	Date		
Where did it happe Area of school / Stre		on if outside school / via el	ectronic media (	please give details bel	ow)
What happened?					
What injuries were	suffered (Physic	al? Emotional?) Please	give details belov	w:-	
Was any property lost or damaged? ☐ Yes (If 'yes' please give details below) ☐ No					
Frequency or duration of behaviour  Once or twice  Persisting over one school term					
☐ Several times a v		☐ Persis	ting for more tha	in a year	
Is the victim   (Name of victim is no	Pupil 🗌	Staff member S	Other adult	Other chi	
If child - Year Grou			,.		
If adult - Age Group		☐ 25-34 ☐ 35-4	14 🗌 45	5-55	55
Please indicate in the appropriate box how you would describe the victim:					
Religion/belief  Buddhist Christian Hindu Jewish Muslim	Rastafarian Sikh Other No religion Prefer not to say	Don't know	☐ Hete ☐ Bise ☐ Gay/ ☐ Prefe	orientation erosexual exual /Lesbian er not to say 't know	
Ethnicity  White British  White & Black Afr  White Irish	rican	] White & Black Caribbeal ] Indian ] Pakistani	☐ Chin	other black backgrour nese other ethnic backgrou	

Other white background	☐ Black Caribbean	☐ Prefer no ☐ Don't kno	
☐ Any other mixed background ☐ Eastern European	☐ Black African		
Is the victim from a Gypsy or Tra ☐ Yes ☐ No	aveller background? Don't know		_
Disability – please describe			☐ Don't know
Section D: About the offender(s)			
Details, with Year or age group/s characteristics (Name/s of offender/s not needed		er/gender identity; ot	her relevant
	·		
If adult - Age Group: ☐ 16-24 ☐ 25-3	35-44	45-55	Over 55
Role / reason for presen	ce at school		
If offender/s is/are unknown, car	n you describe them? (Con	sider height, ethnicity,	build and clothing).
Section E: What now?			
=			h
Details of actions agreed with ev	/eryone involved – includin	g parents and carers w	nere appropriate:
Outcomes of follow up			

Section F:	Details of person repo	rting (victim, witne	ess or third party)			
Form Comp	oleted by:					
Role:				Date		
Date this in	cident was reported	to the authority:				
Police invo	lvement:					
Does the pe	erson reporting / victi	□No			_	
offender or s	vill want to collect evide swab any areas where please ring them and to	the suspect has t	ouched. If you have	e any evid	ence, which may be of	f use to the
Authorisati	on:					
Do you agre partnership Advice Shro	pencies can share dee to the information o? (The local agency papershire and Victim Supplested to help in asse	being passed to artnership include port Shropshire).	all the agencies is West Mercia Poli	involved in ice, Shrops	n the local agency shire Diversity Officer,	Citizens
Incident deta	ails only	☐ Yes	□No			
Personal de	tails	☐ Yes	□No			
Signature				Date		
Follow-up – for any further interventions related to this incident (for School use – no additional formal reporting required).  If the behaviour does not stop after initial interventions, this space can be used to record additional steps being taken and outcomes for both victim and perpetrator:						
Victim:-						
Perpetrator:-						

#### **APPENDIX 2**

## The Legal Framework:

# The Education and Inspections Act 2006

There are a number of statutory obligations on schools with regard to behaviour which establish clear responsibilities to respond to bullying. In particular section 89 of the Education and Inspections Act 2006:

provides that every school must have measures to encourage good behaviour

and **prevent all forms of bullying** amongst pupils. These measures should be part of the school's behaviour policy which must be communicated to all pupils, school staff and parents;

gives head teachers the ability to ensure that pupils behave when they are not on school premises or under the lawful control of school staff.

The Equality Act 2010 replaces previous anti-discrimination laws with a single Act. A key provision is a new Public Sector Equality Duty (PSED), which came into force on 5 April 2011 and with which schools are now required to comply. It replaces the three previous public sector equality duties for race, disability and gender, and also covers nine 'protected characteristics' disability, gender reassignment, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sex, sexual orientation, age, marriage or civil partnership. The final two are not relevant to a school's dealings with its pupils but would be part of their duties as an employer.

The Duty has three aims.

It requires public bodies to have due regard to the need to:

Eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment, victimisation and any other conduct prohibited by the Act;

Advance equality of opportunity between people who share a protected characteristic and people who do not share it;

Foster good relations between people who share a protected characteristic and people who do not share it.

Schools are now required to comply with the new Equality Duty and additional specific duties require them:

To publish information to demonstrate how they are complying with the PSED and to publish at least one equality objective

The Act also makes it unlawful for the responsible body of a school to discriminate against, harass or victimise a pupil or potential pupil in relation to admissions, the way it provides education for pupils, provision of pupil access to any benefit, facility or service, or by excluding a pupil or subjecting them to any other detriment. In England and Wales the Act applies to all maintained and independent schools, including Academies and Free Schools, and maintained and non-maintained special schools

#### Safeguarding Children and Young People

Under the Children Act 1989 a bullying incident should be addressed as a child protection concern when there is 'reasonable cause to suspect that a child is suffering, or is likely to suffer, significant harm'. Where this is the case, the school staff should report their concerns to their local authority children's social care team. Even where safeguarding is not considered to be an issue, schools may need to draw on a range of external services to support the pupil who is experiencing bullying, or to tackle any underlying issue which has contributed to a child doing the bullying.

#### **Criminal Law**

Although bullying in itself is not a specific criminal offence in the UK, it is important to bear in mind that some types of harassing or threatening behaviour – or communications – could be a criminal offence, for example under the Protection from Harassment Act 1997, the Malicious Communications Act 1988, the Communications

Act 2003, and the Public Order Act 1986.

Under the Equality Act 2010, an offence could be committed when bullying relates to a protected characteristic.

If staff members feel that an offence may have been committed they should seek assistance from the police. For example, under the Malicious Communication Act 1988, it is an offence for a person to send an electronic communication to another person with the intent to cause distress or anxiety or to send an electronic communication which conveys a message which is indecent or grossly offensive, a threat, or information which is false and known or believed to be false by the "sender.".